POST OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MINOR ORAL SURGERY AND EXTRACTIONS

Note: You need to look after yourself carefully after you have had a tooth taken out or following any dental surgery. Following these instructions will help minimize post-operative pain, swelling, tenderness and aid healing, as well as help prevent infection.

- **Do not** rinse your mouth out for at least 12 hours after and extraction. This will help the blood to clot in the socket. It is this blood clot that will aid in the healing of the site.
- Apply ice packs for the first 24 hours.
- **After 24 hours**, dissolve a teaspoon of salt in a glass of warm water. Take a sip, hold it in your mouth and spit out. The salt will help cleanse the area and limit the chance of infection. **DO NOT RINSE OR GARGLE.** Over-enthusiastic rinsing can dislodge the clot and slow the healing. Start hot packs after 24 hours and gentle mouth opening exercises; continue for the next 5-6 days.
- It is important to keep your mouth clean. Brush your teeth as normal, but brush the area of treatment gently. Taking particular care not to cause any bruising or bleeding.
- **Avoid** eating or drinking until the anesthetic has worn off. This will stop you from accidently chewing or burning your cheeks. Avoid food and drinks that are hot/cold/spicy/tough as the area will be sensitive.
- **If you start to bleed again, do not worry.** Roll up gauze into a sausage; place it over the bleeding socket and **BITE HARD for 30 mins.** The pressure should stop the bleeding. Should bleeding restart, repeat the procedure, this time moistening the gauze first. Remember that blood will mix with saliva so the volume will appear greater.
- **You may experience some pain**, swelling and bruising after treatment. This will only be short lived and will improve after approximately three days.
- It is **recommended** that you take some painkillers for the first 24 hours. These will help to reduce the pain and swelling. After this, take them as directed by the dentist or label and when you feel you need them. **IBUPROFEN & PARACETAMOL** are good painkillers to use. **Avoid taking ASPIRIN** as it may cause bleeding. If you are asthmatic, avoid taking ibuprofen as it may worsen your asthma.
- Take it easy for the rest of the day; **avoid** demanding physical work or exercise. Also **REFRAIN from DRINKING ALCOHOL** for at least 24 hours, as it can encourage bleeding & delay the healing.
- **AVOID SMOKING** for at least 5 days after treatment. Smoking reduces the rate of healing & increases the risk of infection, which can be painful. Ask your pharmacist for alternatives such as nicotine patches.
- If you feel small pieces of bone working their way out of the socket, **don’t worry, this is normal.** Occasionally, after the extraction of a tooth, the blood clot can breakdown, leaving a painful empty hole in the gum. The pain may sometimes worsen than the original toothache. This is called a **“DRY SOCKET”.** If dry socket becomes painful a day or two after the extraction, this usually is the reason. If it happens, you should go back to your dentist to have the wound cleaned and packed with a dressing; this will relieve the pain and reduce the risk of infection.
- **IF YOU HAVE ANY CONCERNS, PROLONGED BLEEDING OR PAIN, PLEASE CALL OUR OFFICE @416-321-3268**